

Recognition of Diplomas

APPLICANTS TO BACHELOR'S PROGRAMMES
APPLICANTS TO MASTER'S AND DOCTORAL PROGRAMMES
CONTACTS AND PAYMENT DETAILS

For applicants to bachelor's programmes of study

If you completed the previous level of education at a foreign secondary school, submit one of the following documents:

1. a document proving that a foreign document concerning the obtainment of secondary education is generally recognised as equivalent or valid in the Czech Republic (so-called "nostrification") – Free of charge;

2. a document proving the granting of the European Baccalaureate – Free of charge;

3. a foreign document concerning a foreign secondary education completed with a "maturita" examination, if it is deemed automatically equivalent in the Czech Republic in accordance with its international agreements without any further administrative procedures (a "maturita school leaving certificate" from Slovakia, Poland, Hungary, or Slovenia) – Free of charge;

4. a foreign document concerning a foreign secondary education to be assessed by the faculty – Charged.

In the admissions procedure for the 2024/2025 academic year the faculties will assess compliance with the requirement of obtainment of secondary education with "maturita" school-leaving examination under section 48 (4) of the Higher Education Act in the case of applicants who obtained a foreign secondary education by completing a secondary educational programme at a foreign secondary school, an international secondary school, a European School operating under the

Convention defining the Statute of the European Schools, or a school licensed by the Ministry under the Education Act to offer compulsory education.

Send the documents listed below **in hard copy form by post** (the documents cannot be sent by email) to the address of the faculty no later than on **20 August 2024**.

If your situation allows it, do not wait for August and submit the required documents as soon as possible. Thus, you will have enough time to produce additional documents if required. Kindly read the conditions for the administrative procedure that apply to you carefully; some of the procedures may take more time.

WE ONLY ASSESS REQUESTS OF APPLICANTS WHO ARE ADMITTED TO CU FA IN THE GIVEN ACADEMIC YEAR.

The following documents may be used to prove compliance with the requirement of obtainment of secondary education with “maturita” school-leaving examination under section 48 (4) of the Higher Education Act:

a) a document proving general recognition of the equivalence or validity of a foreign document (so-called “nostrification”)

- It is issued by Regional Authorities (“krajský úřad”), the Metropolitan Authority of the Capital City of Prague (“Magistrát hlavního města Prahy”), or by the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports.
- For more information see: http://skoly.praha.eu/87436_RECOGNITION-OF-FOREIGN-EDUCATION
- Free of charge (a fee is paid to the Regional Authority or the Metropolitan Authority within the framework of the procedure on recognition of the equivalence or validity of a foreign secondary education)

The applicant must submit:

1. **In the application:** filled details about prior education in the application in SIS (Student Information System): section My application – Secondary education proven by – type of document: ***“a document proving general recognition of the equivalence or validity of foreign secondary education (“nostrification”)”***. Applicants processing a nostrification – recognition of prior learning may request an extension of the document submission deadline at the enrolment in the study.

The screenshot shows a web form for the SIS (Student Information System). The form includes several fields with red asterisks indicating they are required:

- Where do you come from: (dropdown menu)
- Secondary school graduation year: (text input)
- Country of Secondary School: (dropdown menu)
- Foreign secondary education: (text input with search icon)
- Study started in: (text input)
- Secondary education proven by:** (dropdown menu, highlighted with a red box)
- Original document title (in Latin alphabet): (text input)

The dropdown menu for 'Secondary education proven by' is open, showing the following options:

- a document proving general recognition of the equivalence or validity of foreign secondary education ("nostrification") (highlighted with a red box)
- a document proving the awarding of a European Baccalaureate
- a document deemed automatically equivalent without any further administrative procedure
- a foreign document concerning a foreign secondary education (it will be assessed)
- I have not decided yet

Below the dropdown menu, there is a label 'Previous universi'.

2. **At the enrolment in the study:** An authenticated copy of a document obtained in accordance with Act No. 561/2004 Sb., to regulate pre-school, basic, secondary, tertiary professional and other education (the Education Act), as amended, or in accordance with prior legal regulations, proving that a foreign document concerning the obtainment of secondary education is generally recognised as equivalent or valid in the Czech Republic.

b) a document proving the awarding of a European Baccalaureate

- Applicable only to the European Baccalaureate. This does not apply to the International Baccalaureate, which is considered a document under section 48 (4) (d) of the Higher Education Act, and in this case the procedure

described under letter (d) is applicable. If the International Baccalaureate forms an integral part of the “maturita” certificate for students who passed the “maturita” examination in Czech language and literature in the common part of the “maturita” examination, such applicants submit in the admissions procedure an authenticated copy of the “maturita” certificate.

- Free of charge

The applicant must submit:

1. **In the application:** filled details about prior education in the application in SIS (Student Information System): section My application – Secondary education proven by – type of document: ***“a document proving the awarding of a European Baccalaureate”***.

The screenshot shows a web form for secondary education verification. The 'Secondary education proven by' dropdown is open, showing four options. The second option, 'a document proving the awarding of a European Baccalaureate', is highlighted with a red box. Other options include 'a document proving general recognition of the equivalence or validity of foreign secondary education ("nostrification")', 'a document deemed automatically equivalent without any further administrative procedure', and 'a foreign document concerning a foreign secondary education (it will be assessed)'. The 'Original document title (in Latin alphabet):' field is also visible.

Field	Value/Options
Where do you come from:	---
Secondary school graduation year:	[input field]
Country of Secondary School:	[input field]
Foreign secondary education:	...search - [X] [?]
Study started in:	[input field]
Secondary education proven by:	--- a document proving general recognition of the equivalence or validity of foreign secondary education ("nostrification") a document proving the awarding of a European Baccalaureate a document deemed automatically equivalent without any further administrative procedure a foreign document concerning a foreign secondary education (it will be assessed)
Original document title (in Latin alphabet):	[input field]
Previous university:	I have not decided yet

2. **At the enrolment in the study:** An authenticated copy of the European Baccalaureate diploma.

c) a document deemed automatically equivalent without any further administrative procedure

- A foreign document concerning a foreign secondary education completed with the “maturita” examination, if it is deemed automatically equivalent in the Czech Republic in accordance with its international agreements without any further administrative procedures – these

are documents proving obtainment of the equivalent of Czech “maturita” in Slovakia, Poland (“swiadectwo dojrzalosci”), Hungary (“érettségi bizonyítvány”), and Slovenia.

- Free of charge

The applicant must submit:

1. **In the application:** filled details about prior education in the application in SIS (Student Information System): section My application – Secondary education proven by – type of document: ***“a document deemed automatically equivalent without any further administrative procedure”***.

The screenshot shows a web form for the SIS (Student Information System) application. The form includes several fields with blue asterisks indicating required information:

- Where do you come from: (dropdown menu)
- Secondary school graduation year: (text input)
- Country of Secondary School: (dropdown menu)
- Foreign secondary education: (text input with search icon)
- Study started in: (text input)
- Secondary education proven by: (dropdown menu, highlighted with a red box)
- Original document title (in Latin alphabet): (text input)

The dropdown menu for 'Secondary education proven by' is open, showing the following options:

- a document proving general recognition of the equivalence or validity of foreign secondary education ("nostrification")
- a document proving the awarding of a European Baccalaureate
- a document deemed automatically equivalent without any further administrative procedure** (highlighted with a red box)
- a foreign document concerning a foreign secondary education (it will be assessed)

Below the dropdown menu, there is a section for 'Previous university' with a dropdown menu showing 'I have not decided yet'.

2. **At the enrolment in the study:** An authenticated copy of the foreign certificate or a similar document proving foreign secondary education obtained by completing a secondary educational programme at a foreign secondary school operating under the legal regulations of another state.

If needed the faculty will request the applicant to also submit the following documents:

3. Original or an authenticated copy of a document describing the content and scope of education completed at a foreign school (an overview of subjects including

the number of hours of instruction for individual years of study).

d) a foreign document concerning a foreign secondary education

This concerns documents to which the procedures above cannot be applied.

The applicant must submit:

1. **In the application:** filled details about prior education in the application in SIS (Student Information System): section My application – Secondary education proven by – type of document: ***“a foreign document concerning a foreign secondary education (it will be assessed)”***.

The screenshot shows a web form with several fields. The field 'Secondary education proven by:' is highlighted with a red rectangle. Below it, a dropdown menu is open, showing four options: 'a document proving general recognition of the equivalence or validity of foreign secondary education ("nostrification")', 'a document proving the awarding of a European Baccalaureate', 'a document deemed automatically equivalent without any further administrative procedure', and 'a foreign document concerning a foreign secondary education (it will be assessed)'. The last option is also highlighted with a red rectangle. Below the dropdown, the text 'Previous university:' is visible, followed by a dropdown menu with the option 'I have not decided yet'.

2. **Before enrolment at the latest:** An authenticated copy of the foreign certificate or a similar document proving foreign secondary education obtained by completing a secondary educational programme at a foreign secondary school operating under the legal regulations of another state (verification can vary by country of issue);
3. Original or an authenticated copy of a document describing the content and scope of education completed at a foreign school (an overview of subjects including the number of hours of instruction for individual years of study).

If needed the faculty will request the applicant to also submit the following documents:

4. Additional information on the content and scope of foreign secondary education;
5. Additional information confirming that the programme of study was offered by an institution authorised to provide an education comparable to a secondary education under the Education Act;
6. A confirmation from the relevant foreign secondary school or other relevant foreign body (e.g., a Ministry of Education) certifying that a graduate of a secondary educational programme at the relevant foreign secondary school is entitled to apply for admission to study in a bachelor's or a long-cycle master's programme of study in the given foreign state.

THE DOCUMENT IS ASSESSED – in the case of a positive assessment, the document is accepted; in the case of a negative assessment the applicant is required to submit a document under letter (a) (a general “nostrification”)

The assessment is valid only for the admissions procedure at the Faculty of Arts.

A FEE OF CZK 880 APPLIES

For applicants for post-bachelor (Follow-up Master's Degree) and doctoral programmes of study

If you completed the previous higher education at a foreign higher education institution, submit one of the following documents:

- 1. a document obtained in accordance with sections 89 and 90 of the Higher Education Act proving general recognition of a foreign higher education in the Czech Republic (so-called "nostrification") – Free of charge;**
- 2. a foreign document concerning a foreign higher education to be assessed by the Faculty – Charged.**
- 3. a foreign document concerning a foreign higher education if it is deemed automatically equivalent in the Czech Republic in accordance with its international agreements without any further administrative procedures (a higher education diploma and diploma supplement from **Slovakia, Poland, Hungary, or Slovenia**) – Free of charge;**

In the admissions procedure for the 2024/2025 academic year, the faculties will assess compliance with the requirement of successful completion of study in a bachelor's or master's programme of study under section 48 (5) of the Higher Education Act in the case of applicants who obtained foreign higher education by completing a higher education programme at a foreign higher education institution.

Send the documents listed below **in hard copy form by post** (the documents cannot be sent by email) to the address of the faculty no later than on **20 August 2024**.

If your situation allows it, do not wait for August and submit the required documents as soon as possible. Thus, you will have enough time to produce additional documents if required. Kindly read the conditions for the administrative procedure

that apply to you carefully; some of the procedures may take more time.

WE ONLY ASSESS REQUESTS OF APPLICANTS WHO ARE ADMITTED TO CU FA IN THE GIVEN ACADEMIC YEAR.

The following documents may be used to prove compliance with the requirement of successful completion of study in a bachelor's or master's programme of study at a foreign higher education institution:

a) a document proving general recognition of foreign higher education in the Czech Republic (so- called general "nostrification")

- It is issued by the public higher education institutions, the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports, the Ministry of the Interior, or the Ministry of Defence.
- For more information on the procedure for recognising foreign higher education at Charles University see: <https://cuni.cz/UKEN-593.html>
- Free of charge (a fee is paid to the public higher education institution or the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports which performs the assessment in the procedure to recognise foreign higher education).

The applicant must submit:

1. **In the application:** filled details about prior education in the application in SIS (Student Information System): section My application – Higher education proven by – type of document: ***"a document proving general recognition of foreign higher education in the Czech Republic ("nostrification")"***. Applicants processing a nostrification – recognition of prior learning may request an extension of the document submission deadline at the enrolment in the study.

* Country of University:

* Foreign higher education: -

* Level of education achieved:

* Higher education proven by:

Original document title (in Latin alphabet):

* Study started in:

* Study completed in:

2. **At the enrolment in the study:** An authenticated copy of a document obtained in accordance with sections 89 and 90 of the Higher Education Act or in accordance with prior legal regulations proving general recognition of a foreign higher education in the Czech Republic.

b) a foreign document concerning a foreign higher education

This concerns documents to which the procedures listed in a) or c) cannot be applied.

The applicant must submit:

1. **In the application:** filled details about prior education in the application in SIS (Student Information System): section My application – Higher education proven by – type of document: ***“a foreign document concerning a foreign higher education (it will be assessed)”***. We assess only paid applications of the applicants who are admitted. We will announce the results (admitted/not admitted) on 30 June 2023 at the latest. Applicants processing a nostrification – recognition of prior learning may request an extension of the document submission deadline at the enrolment in the study.

* Country of University:

* Foreign higher education: -

* Level of education achieved:

* Higher education proven by:

Original document title (in Latin alphabet):

* Study started in:

* Study completed in:

2. **Before enrolment at the latest:** An authenticated copy of the diploma, certificate, or similar document (for example a certificate of completion of study) issued by a foreign higher education institution (verification can vary by country of issue);
3. An original or an authenticated copy of the Diploma Supplement or the transcript of examinations passed.

If needed the faculty will request the applicant to submit also the following documents:

4. Additional information on the content and scope of foreign higher education;
5. A statement issued by the relevant foreign body confirming that the given higher education institution is authorised to offer higher education in the given foreign state (a statement on accreditation).
6. In the case of a certificate of higher education issued by a Slovak higher education institution after 28 March 2015, also a statement issued by a foreign higher education institution in the state in which the programme of study completed by the applicant was offered.

THE DOCUMENT IS ASSESSED – in the case of a positive assessment, the document is accepted; in the case of a negative assessment the applicant is required to submit a document under letter (a) (a general “nostrification”)

The assessment is valid only for the admissions procedure at the Faculty of Arts.

A FEE OF CZK 880 APPLIES

c) a document concerning a foreign higher education which is automatically equivalent in the Czech Republic without any further administrative procedures

- A foreign document concerning a foreign higher education which is automatically equivalent in the Czech Republic

in accordance with its international agreements without any further administration procedures – these include documents certifying completion of a programme of study in **Slovakia** (with the exception of diplomas issued by foreign branches of Slovak higher education institutions after 28 March 2015 to which the procedure under letter (c) is applicable), in **Poland, Hungary, or Slovenia** (only master's diplomas, the procedure under letter (c) is applicable to bachelor's diplomas from Slovenia).

- Free of charge.

The applicant must submit:

1. **In the application:** filled details about prior education in the application in SIS (Student Information System): section My application – Higher education proven by – type of document: ***“a document concerning a foreign higher education which is automatically equivalent in the Czech Republic without any further administrative procedures”***.

* Country of University:

* Foreign higher education:

* Level of education achieved:

* Higher education proven by:

Original document title (in Latin alphabet):
a document proving general recognition of foreign higher education ("nostrification")
a document concerning a foreign higher education which is automatically equivalent without any further administrative procedures
a foreign document concerning a foreign higher education (it will be assessed)

* Study started in:

* Study completed in:

2. **At the enrolment in the study:** An authenticated copy of diploma, certificate, or similar document (for example a certificate of completion of study) issued by a foreign higher education institution;
3. An original or authenticated copy of the diploma supplement or a transcript of examinations passed (so called Diploma Supplement or Transcript);
4. In the case of a certificate of higher education issued by a Slovak higher education institution after 28 March 2015, also a statement issued by a foreign higher

education institution in the state in which the programme of study completed by the applicant was offered.

ADDRESS OF THE FACULTY:	PAYMENT DETAILS:
Filozofická fakulta Univerzity Karlovy Oddělení přijímacího řízení nám. Jana Palacha 2 116 38 Praha 1 Czech Republic	Name of Bank: Komerční banka Praha 1 Account No: 85631011/0100 Constant symbol ("konstantní symbol"): 0308 Variable symbol ("variabilní symbol"): 820820 Specific symbol ("specifický symbol"): the number generated by the Information System (a six-digit code) SWIFT: KOMB CZ PP IBAN: CZ9601000000000085631011 Account Owner's Address: Univerzita Karlova, Filozofická fakulta, nám. Jana Palacha 2, 116 38 Praha 1 (Charles University, Faculty of Arts).

Administrative Fees: CZK 880

Payment can be paid by card (*strongly recommended!*), via bank transfer, bank deposit or in cash at the CU FA Cashier's Office.

The fee cannot be refunded at any stage of the admission procedure.

Contact in case of questions:

e-mail: nostrifikace@ff.cuni.cz

phone: + 420 221 619 308

Translations

Documents which are not originally issued in the **Czech, English, or Slovak** languages must be officially translated into the Czech or English languages.

Other documents

If the situation of the applicant calls for it, the applicant also submits the following documents:

1. A power of attorney, if the applicant is represented by

an attorney for the purposes of proving compliance with the requirement for admission under section 48 (4) and (5) of the Higher Education Act;

2. If the applicant's name changes, an authenticated copy of a document proving it (e.g., a certificate of marriage);
3. An authenticated copy of the decision to award international protection, if the assessment is requested by a person listed in section 90 (4) of the Higher Education Act and if this person wishes to use the possibility of substituting a document with an affirmation.

Quick search for the method of document verification according to the country in which the document was issued

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Afghanistan	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Albania	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Algeria	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
American Samoa	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Andorra	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Angola - Portugal	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Anguilla - United Kingdom	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Antarctica	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Antigua and Barbuda	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Argentina	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Armenia	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Aruba - Netherlands	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Australia	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Austria	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Azerbaijan	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Bahamas	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Bahrain	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Bailiwick of Guernsey - United Kingdom	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Bangladesh	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Barbados	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Belarus	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Belgium	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Belize	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Benin	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Bermuda - United Kingdom	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Bhutan	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Bolivia	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Bosnia and Herzegovina	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Botswana	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Bouvet Island	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Brazil	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
British Solomon Islands - United Kingdom	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
British Virgin Islands - United Kingdom	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Brititish Antarctic Territory - United Kingdom	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Brunei Darussalam	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Bulgaria	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Burkina Faso	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Burundi	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
CAD	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Cambodia	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Cameroon	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Canada	<p>Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.</p> <p>The Superlegalization can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.</p>

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Cape Verde	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Catarrh	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Cayman Islands - United Kingdom	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Central African Republic	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Ceuta	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Colombia	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Comoros	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Congo	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Congo, Democratic Republic	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
cooks Islands	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Costa Rica	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Crete	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Croatia	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Cuba	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Cyprus	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Denmark	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Djibouti	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Dominica	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Dominican republic	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
East Timor	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Ecuador	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Egypt	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Equatorial Guinea	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Eritrea	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Estonia	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Ethiopia	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Falkland Islands - United Kingdom	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Faroe Islands	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Fiji	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Finland	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
France	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
French Polynesia	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
French Southern Territories	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
French territory of Affars and Issas	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Gabon	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Gambia	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Georgia	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Germany	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Ghana	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Gibraltar - Great Britain	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Great Britain	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Greece	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Greenland	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Grenada	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Guadeloupe - France	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Guam - USA	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Guatemala	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Guinea	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Guinea-Bissau	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Guyana - France	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Haiti	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Heard Island and MacDonald Islands	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Honduras	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Hungary	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint) Foreign higher education which is automatically equivalent in the Czech Republic without any further administrative procedures. Free of charge.
Chille	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
China	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
China - Hong Kong and Macao	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Christmas island	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Iceland	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
India	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Indonesia	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Iran	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Iraq	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Ireland	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Isle of Man - United Kingdom	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Israel	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Italy	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Ivory Coast	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Jamaica	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Japan	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Jersey- Great Britain	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Jordan	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Kazakhstan	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Kenya	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Kiribati	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Korea, Democratic People's Republic of (= North K.)	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Kosovo	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Kuwait	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Kyrgyzstan	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Laos	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Latvia	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Lebanon	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Lesotho	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Liberia	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Libya	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Lichtenstein	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Lithuania	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Luxembourg	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Macao	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Macedonia	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Madagascar	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Malawi	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Malaysia	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Maldives	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Mali	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Malta	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Marshall Islands	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Martinique-France	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Mauritania	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Mauritius	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Mayotte	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Melilla	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Mexico	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Micronesia	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Moldova	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Monaco	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Mongolia	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Montenegro	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Montserrat - United Kingdom	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Morocco	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Mozambique - Portugal	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Myanmar	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Namibia	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Nauru	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Nepal	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Netherlands	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Netherlands Antilles	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
New Caledonia - France	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
New Zealand	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Nicaragua	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Niger	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Nigeria	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Niue	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Norfolk	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Northern Mariana Islands - USA	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Norway	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Oman	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Pakistan	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Palau	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Panama	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Papua New Guinea	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Paraguay	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Peru	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Philippines	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Pitcairn	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Poland	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint) Foreign higher education which is automatically equivalent in the Czech Republic without any further administrative procedures. Free of charge.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Portugal	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Puerto Rico - USA	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Republic of Korea (= South Korea)	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Reunion - France	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Romania	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Russian federation	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Rwanda	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Saint Helena - Great Britain	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Saint Kitts and Nevis - France	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Saint Lucia	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Saint Pierre and Miguelon - France	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Saint Thomas	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Salvador	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Samoa	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
San Marino	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Saudi Arabia	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Senegal	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Serbia	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Seychelles	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Sierra Leone	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Singapore	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Slovakia	<p>A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)</p> <p>Foreign higher education which is automatically equivalent in the Czech Republic without any further administrative procedures.</p> <p>Free of charge.</p>
Slovenia	<p>A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)</p> <p>Foreign higher education which is automatically equivalent in the Czech Republic without any further administrative procedures.</p> <p>Free of charge.</p>
Somalia	<p>Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.</p>
South African Republic	<p>Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).</p>
South George and South Sandwich Islands - United Kingdom	<p>Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).</p>

State where the document was issued	Document verification
South Georgia	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Spain	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Sri Lanka	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Sudan	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Suriname	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Swaziland	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Sweden	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.
Switzerland	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Syria	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Taiwan	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Tajikistan	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Tanzania	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Thailand	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Togo	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Tokelau	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Tonga	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Trinidad and Tobago	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Tunisia	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Turkey	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Turkmenistan	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Turks and Caicos Island - United Kingdom	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Tuvalu	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Uganda	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Ukraine	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)

State where the document was issued	Document verification
United Arab Emirates	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Uruguay	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
US Minor Outlying Islands	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
US Virgin Islands	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
USA	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see). The Apostille can be replaced by verified copy and additional confirmation from foreign school.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Uzbekistan	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Vanuatu	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Vatican	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Venezuela	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Vietnam	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)
Wallis and Futuna - France	Country that signed multilateral convention on simplified verification of foreign public documents (the Hague Convention): an uniform procedure of verification is set – the Apostille, issued by a relevant institution of the country of diploma origin (see).
Yemen	A verified copy is required (made by notary or made by CzechPoint)

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Zambia	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Zimbabwe	Superlegalization: documents proving the completion of studies must be verified: a) by the Foreign Office of the country of origin of the school issuing the document; AND b) by the relevant embassy of the Czech Republic.
Donetsk People's Republic	A diploma issued under the legal system of a country not recognised by the Czech Republic cannot be accepted as a public document proving that the legal conditions for access to a given type of study programme have been met. We recommend that the applicant submit this diploma to the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine - they should provide a clause that converts the diploma issued by the unrecognized Donetsk People's Republic into a public document recognized by the legal system of Ukraine, i.e. a public document valid on the territory of Ukraine.

State where the document was issued	Document verification
Luhansk People's Republic	<p>A diploma issued under the legal system of a country not recognised by the Czech Republic cannot be accepted as a public document proving that the legal conditions for access to a given type of study programme have been met. We recommend that the applicant submit this diploma to the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine - they should provide a clause that converts the diploma issued by the unrecognized Luhansk People's Republic into a public document recognized by the legal system of Ukraine, i.e. a public document valid on the territory of Ukraine.</p>